

Empowering Small Business: The Impact of Technology on U.S. Small Business

Second Edition



Introduction

In 2022, the U.S. Chamber of Commerce's Technology Engagement Center (C TEC) commissioned Teneo Research to examine the impact that technology had on small businesses during the COVID-19 pandemic in a report titled Empowering Small Business: The Impact of Technology on U.S. Small Business.¹ That report found that even during one of the most challenging times for smaller and independent operators to do business, when those companies used technology, they contributed \$17.7 trillion to the U.S. economy and supported nearly 99 million American jobs. Of small businesses surveyed in 2022, 86% believed technology helped them survive during the challenges of the pandemic.

After the pandemic emergency, small businesses face a new set of challenges like worker shortage and inflation as well as opportunities like artificial intelligence (AI). At the same time, calls for regulations of AI, privacy, and technology platforms could have a profound impact on small businesses' ability to reap the benefits of digital tools and innovations that help them operate and compete.

To measure the effect a growing range of technology platforms have had on small businesses and the economy, C_TEC and Teneo Research completed an update to *Empowering Small Business* and conducted a nationwide survey of the U.S. small business ecosystem to explore the following:

- How small businesses use various technology platforms
- How the use of technology affects business operations and key business metrics
- How the adoption of technology sets up small businesses for future success
- How U.S. small businesses adopt AI

I. <u>https://americaninnovators.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/08/Empowering-Small-Business-The-Impact-of-Technology-on-U.S.-Small-Business.pdf.</u>



As in the first version of the report, the results demonstrate that various technology platforms have played a critical role in helping small businesses weather challenges and that small businesses that fully embrace technology outperform their peers and are more optimistic about the future. Companies are also looking at emerging technologies like Al to add to their arsenal of digital tools to compete and expand their business. This new version of the report found the following:

- 95% of small businesses use at least one technology platform.
- 4 out of 5 businesses with very high tech usage report growth in sales, employment, and profits.
- Small businesses using six or more technology platforms are up 11 points year over year.
- Nearly a quarter of small businesses are already using AI, and those who do report high satisfaction and improved performance primarily in marketing and communications to reach customers.
- Businesses that use AI saw a 12-point increase over non-AI users in their likelihood of seeing an increase in profit.
- 85% of small businesses plan to increase their use of technology platforms.
- 82% are optimistic that technology will help their business in the future.

- 71% of small business owners plan to adopt the latest technology, including Al, chatbots, and cryptocurrencies.
- 87% say that technology platforms have helped their businesses operate more efficiently.
- 7 out of 10 small business owners agree that without access to technology platforms, their businesses would struggle to survive.
- Around half of small business owners are concerned about tech regulations harming their businesses as well as having to comply with increased costs and litigation stemming from out-ot-state regulation.
- 7 out of 10 small business owners would like to see modernized IT processes to improve the ease of doing business with the government.



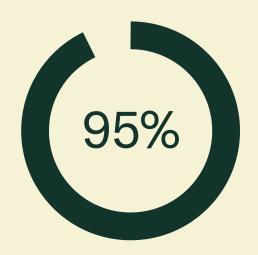
Part 1: Technology Platform Usage in General

How U.S. Small Businesses Are Using Technology in 2023

Small businesses continue to be nearly universal in their adoption of a wide range of technology platforms. Slightly more than in 2022, 95% of small business owners in the U.S. report using at least one type of technology platform in the running of their business.

Social media and digital payments are the most used platforms among U.S. small businesses. Social media (87% of small businesses) and point-of-sales tools (41% of small businesses) saw the greatest increase in small business use year over year from 2021 to 2022. Fifty-seven percent of small businesses also use digital payments.

How do small businesses use this technology? Sixty-one percent of them use it for marketing and promotions, 57% use it for processing sales, and 56% use it for communicating with customers and prospects.



Use at least one technology platform Up from 93% year-over-year

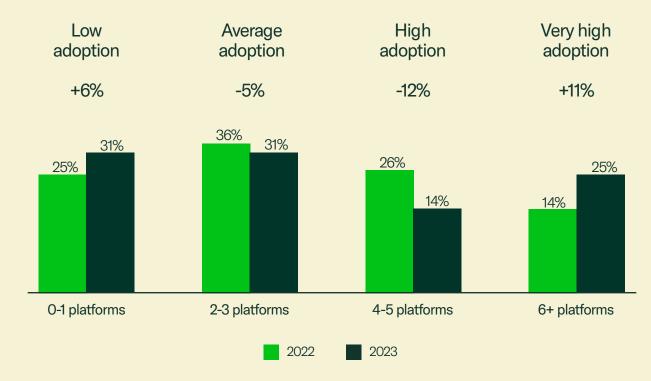


How does your business use technology?

61% 53%	+8% Marketing/promotions
57% 51%	Processing Sales
56% 49%	Communicating with customers/prospects
54% 45%	+9% Payroll management
53% 51%	Accounting
52% 43%	+9% Managing customer relationships
41% 36%	Identifying potential customers
38% 34%	Accessing and managing credit and cash flow
37% 35%	Managing inventory
33% 27%	Developing customer insights
30% 24%	Identifying / recruiting talent
29% 21%	+8% Processing returns
27% 23%	Preventing fraud / knowing my business partner
26% 19%	Managing supply chain challenges
24% 20%	Finding lower-cost suppliers to manage inflation
2% 3% 2023 2022	Other



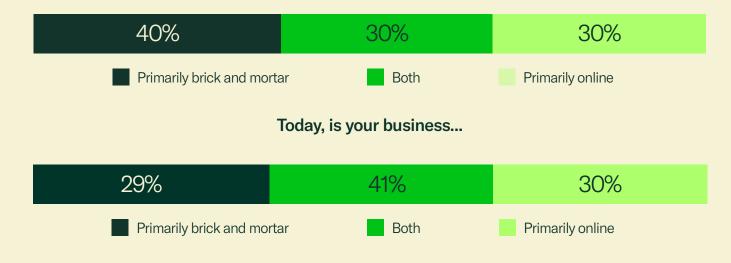
Small businesses use an average of four types of technology platforms. Year over year, there is a greater share of low tech adopter and high tech adopter businesses. Fewer small businesses fall into the middle ground of tech adoption and opt for allin tech implementation or the opposite. When selecting a technology, low-adoption businesses (those that use only up to one platform) tend to use social media, digital payments, or accounting software. Technology is also changing the nature of how businesses operate. Like trends observed in the first version of this report, small businesses are increasingly taking their business online. When asked how their business originated, 60% stated that they were online, whereas 40% were brick and mortar only. Many of these small businesses have decided to get away from a brick-and-mortar-only approach, and now 71% have an online presence.



Which, if any, of the following types of technology platforms is your business using?



When your business was founded it was...





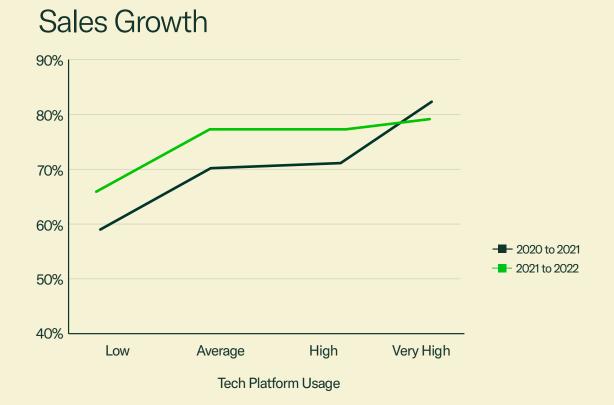
Technology use is linked to growth among small businesses. Small businesses that make greater use of leveraging technology platforms are more likely to have experienced a growth in sales and profits over the past year, as well as an increase in their workforce. High tech adopters (those that use six or more types of technology) outperformed low tech adopters (those that use one or fewer tech platforms) in the areas of sales, profits, and employment between 2021 and 2022. For example, 80% of high tech adopters reported increases in sales compared with 68% of low tech adopters. Eightytwo percent of high tech adopters realized increased profits compared with 68% of low tech adopters. An even more dramatic difference is observed in employment where 79% of high tech adopters hired more workers compared with only 62% of low tech adopters. Women-owned businesses were more likely to hire more workers if they were high tech adopters (75%).



Percentage Share of Small Businesses That Grew from 2021 to 2022



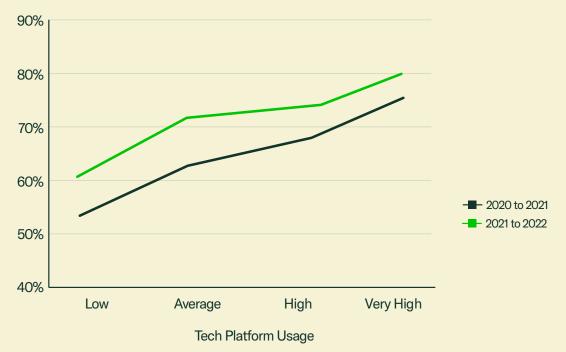
Year-over-year likelihood of growth of sales and profit is consistent for small businesses with very high use of tech platforms. However, growth probability increased for low, average, and high tech use companies.



Percentage Share of Small Businesses That Grew Since 2021

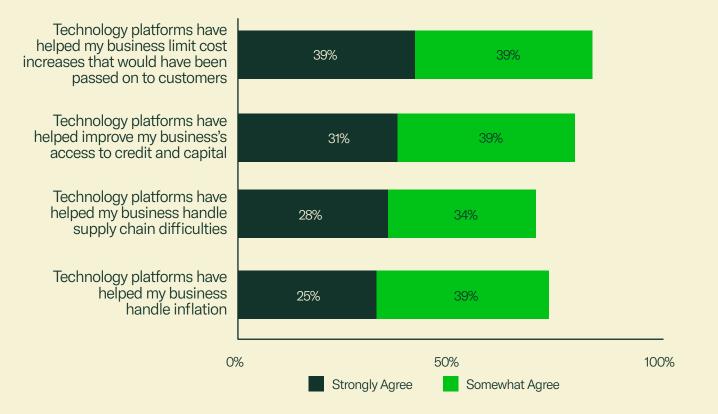


Employment Growth



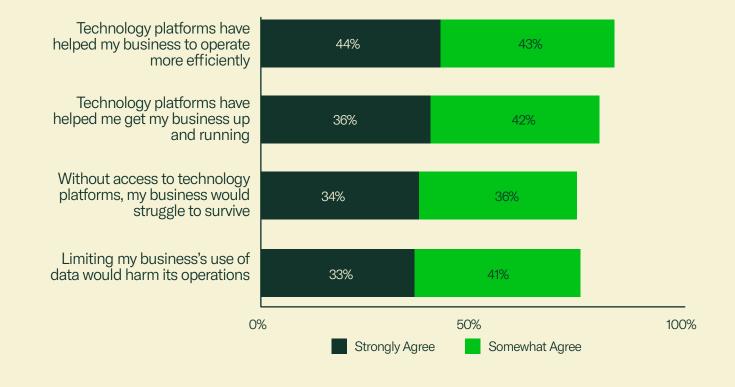


Small businesses that make use of social media are more likely to have experienced growth in sales, profits, and employees over the past year. Seventy-five percent of small businesses that use social media grew their workforce between 2021 and 2022. Small businesses similarly are more likely to have experienced growth in sales and profits over the past year. Eighty-six percent of small businesses using delivery apps increased their profits from 2021 to 2022. In addition to the growth opportunities presented by technology, small business owners use technology to ease the burdens of inflation and supply chain disruptions. Most small business owners agreed that technology platforms have helped them limit costs passed on to consumers, improve access to credit and capital, handle supply chain difficulties, and weather inflation.



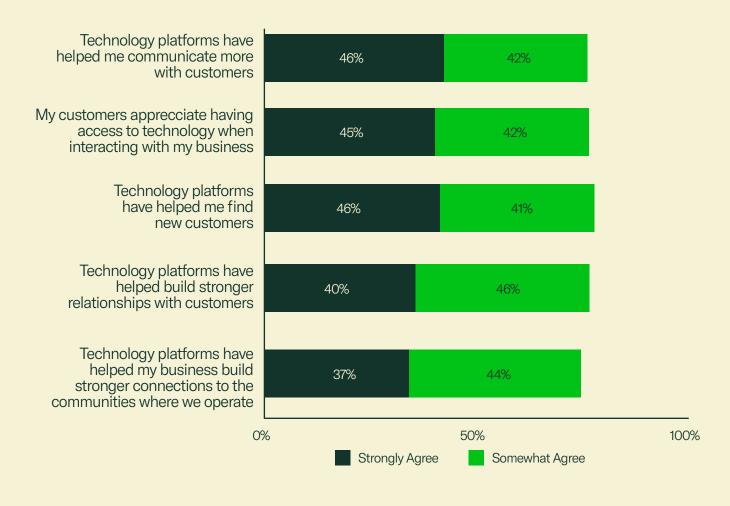


Technology and data are the backbone of operations for many small businesses that rely on it to survive and run more efficiently. Most small business owners report that technology platforms have helped their business get up and running and operate more efficiently. Without access to technology platforms, most small businesses agree they would not be able to survive. Seventy percent of minority small business owners indicated that lower tech access would have a negative impact on their business's viability. Nearly three in four small businesses acknowledged that limiting their access to data would harm their operations.



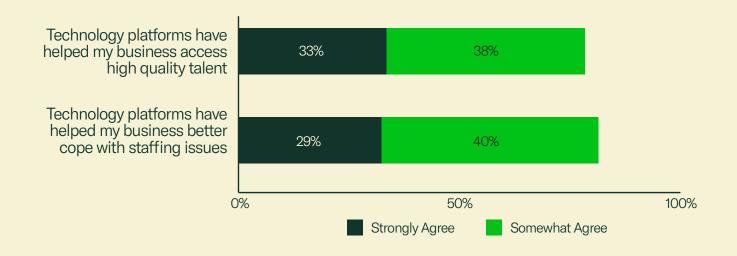


Small business owners credit technology with helping them build their customer base, cultivate and grow customer relationships, and foster strong connections with their broader community.

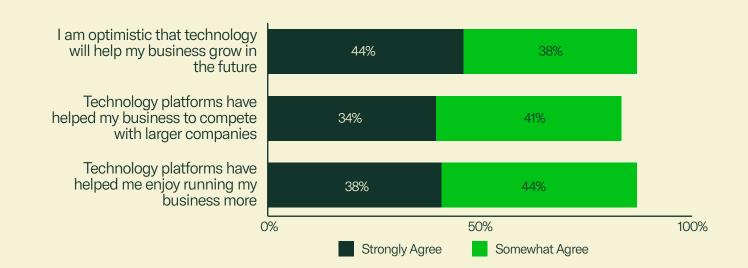




As debates continue in Washington, D.C., and state capitals about the impact of technology on the workforce, small businesses also indicate that technology platforms have helped them access highquality talent and cope with staffing issues.



Tech platforms enable small businesses to compete and grow. These same owners are optimistic about the role technology plays in the future of their business. Nearly three in four small businesses state that technology platforms have helped them compete with larger companies.





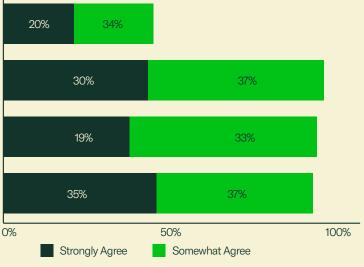
In addition to supply chain, workforce, and inflationary pressures, small businesses are concerned about an evolving regulatory landscape as it relates to data regulation. Half of small businesses worry about having to comply with different state laws on privacy, AI, and technology in states where they are not headquartered, which can lead to increased litigation and compliance costs. Small businesses agree (82%) that the government could help with IT modernization of outdated and nondigitized systems to streamline processes for professional licensing and permitting. Nearly 70% of small businesses state that limiting access to data would harm their bottom line and ability to grow. As most small businesses use some form of technology platform for marketing, 65% of them expressed that losing their ability to reach consumers with targeted advertising would harm their business.

I am worried that changing technology regulations could harm my business

Limiting my business's access to marketing analytics would negatively impact how I reach customers

I am worried that having to comply with different state laws on privacy, AI, and technology in states where I am not headquartered will expose me to higher compliance and litigation costs

I believe government should modernize IT to make things like professional licensing and permitting easier

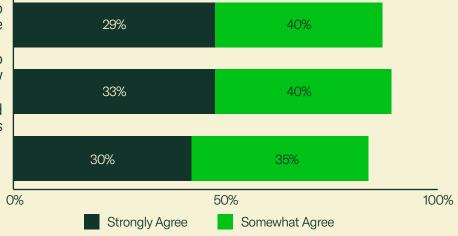




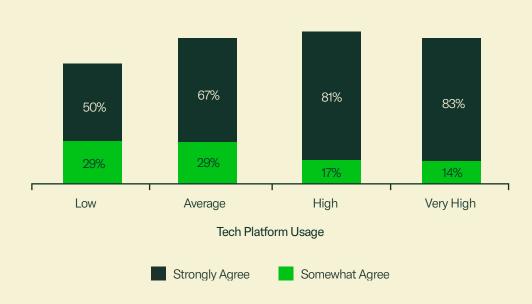
Limiting my business's access to data would hurt its bottom line

Limiting my bussiness's access to data would slow its ability to grow

Losing the ability to use targeted advertising will harm my business



Core to accessing these digital tools is broadband internet connectivity. Small businesses see that broadband internet access is essential, particularly among firms with high use of technology.



Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Access to broadband internet is important to my business.



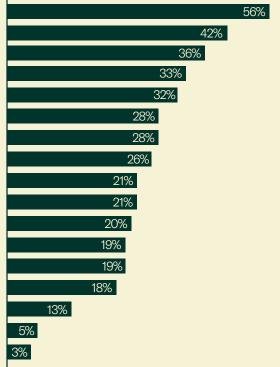
Part 2: The Use of Artificial Intelligence

In the inaugural issue of the *Empowering Small Business* report, nearly one-quarter of U.S. small businesses in 2022 planned to use AI. Although generative AI applications have experienced increased visibility in 2023, small businesses are also taking advantage of more specific uses of this technology. Twentythree percent of small businesses already use AI. Marketing and communications are the most common among small businesses.



Of U.S. small businesses use an A.I. platform

	Marketing / promotions
	Communicating with my customers and prospective customers
	Identifying potential customers
	Managing inventory
	Developing customer insights
	Managing customer relationships
	Processing sales
	Preventing fraud and knowing who I'm doing business with
	Processing returns
	Accounting
	Payroll management
	Identifying / recruiting talent
	Accessing and managing credit and cash flow
	Managing supply chain challenges
	Finding lower-cost suppliers to manage inflation
5	Something else
3%	None of these





Al business users agree on its benefits and cite its ability to help them grow, increase efficiency, and improve business satisfaction through customer relationships. Eightyfour percent of businesses using Al are optimistic that it will help future growth. Eighty-two percent also agree that AI has helped increase efficiency of business operations. Additionally, 86% of small businesses using AI state that the technology has helped customer communications.

I am optimistic that A.I. will help my business grow in the future A.I. has helped my business to operate more efficiently A.I. has helped me communicate more with customers A.I. has helped me enjoy running my business more A.I. has helped build stronger relationships with customers A.I. has helped my business build connections to our communities A.I. has helped my business to compete with larger companies A.I. has helped me get my business up and running A.I. has helped me find new customers A.I. has helped my business access high quality talent Limiting my business's access to A.I. would slow its ability to grow Tech A.I. has helped my business handle supply chain difficulties Limiting access to A.I. would negatively impact how I reach customers A.I. has helped my business get the most out of remote workers A.I. has helped my business limit cost increases A.I. has helped improve my business's access to credit and capital A.I. has helped my business to grow in challenging conditions My customers appreciate A.I. when interacting with my business I am worried that changing A.I. regulations could harm my business A.I. has helped my business handle inflation A.I. has helped my business better cope with staffing issues Limiting my business's access to A.I. would hurt its bottom line Limiting my business's use of A.I. would harm its operations Without access to A.I., my business would struggle to survive

Z	49%		35%		
39%	43%				
39%	6			7%	
38%	,)		40%		
38%	,)		41%		
36%	36%		40%		
36%		41%			
34%		249	6		
34%			44%		
33%		3	5%		
33%			43%		
32%		30%	6		
32%		37	7%		
32%		37	7%		
31%		38	3%		
30%		32%			
30%		3	9%		
29%			49%		
29%		35%	, ວ		
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24%		45%	/ D		
23%		46%	0		
22%		46%			
20%	32	%			

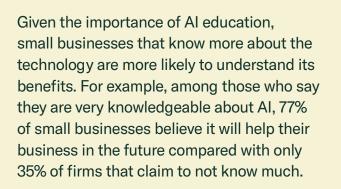
Strongly Agree

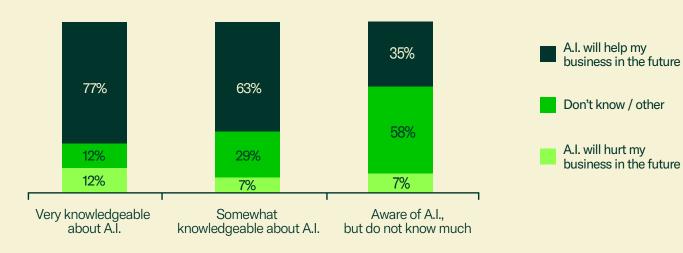
Somewhat Agree

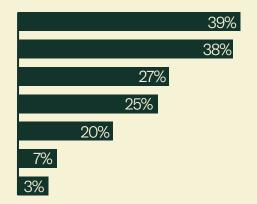


Of those companies not currently using AI, lack of knowledge is the single most common barrier to entry for adoption of this technology for small businesses. Seventyseven percent of small businesses indicated that either they do not know enough about AI or the benefits are not clear.

> Don't see how it would help the business Don't know enough about it Concerned about quality of tools Concerned about cost Concerns about legal or compliance issues Employees or users aren't properly trained Other

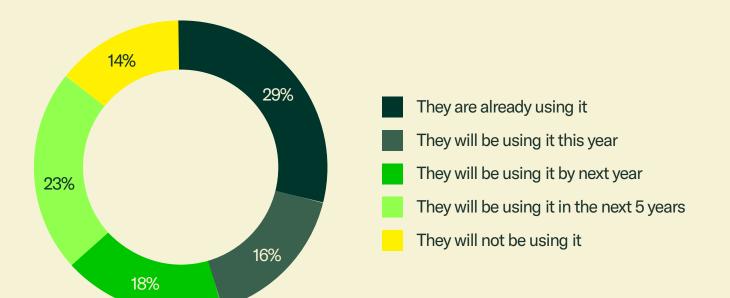






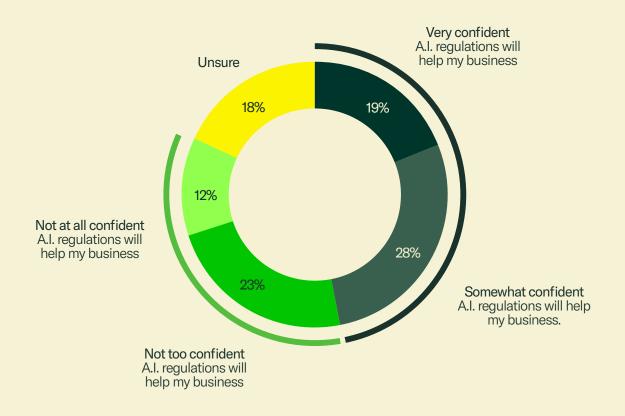


Even if small businesses do not currently use AI, nearly two-thirds believe that their competitors will use this technology within the next year. This will further incentivize adoption by those not currently using the technology.





As Congress and states deliberate laws governing AI, only a plurality of small businesses believe that regulations will help them. The Chamber believes it is essential for U.S. policymakers to consider small businesses when considering Al regulations to ensure no unnecessary barriers to Al adoption exist so that businesses of all sizes can benefit from Al's productivity.

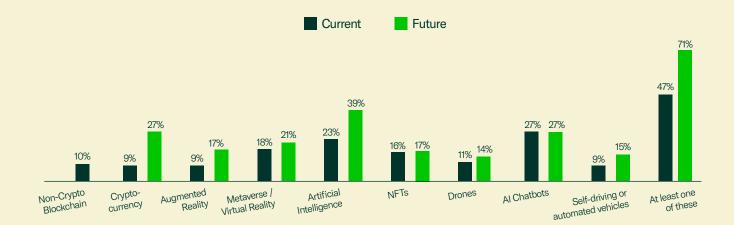




Part 3: Technology Outlook

As demonstrated in this report, small businesses already understand the value of technology platforms to reach consumers, manage inventory, and weather economic and policy challenges. In fact, 85% of small businesses expect to increase their use of technology over the next two to three years. Seventy-one percent of small businesses plan to use at least one form of emerging and cutting-edge technologies. For example, the number of small businesses planning to add AI to their toolkit is 39% compared with the current 23% already using it. Twenty-seven percent are considering accepting cryptocurrency compared with the 9% using it.

Does your business currently use any of the following newer technologies? Will your business use any of the following newer technologies in the future?





Part 4: Implications and Policy Recommendations

- Small businesses that leverage technology platforms reap the benefits in terms of growth, operational efficiency, and customer relationships.
- On average, U.S. small businesses use four different types of technology platforms across business applications. Last year, on average, businesses used only three platforms.
- Their reliance on technology will continue to grow, with 85% of small businesses planning to increase their tech use over the next two to three years.
- Small business owners' attitudes toward technology will continue to evolve, as they seek newer technology solutions such as AI, but a large education gap remains in how to understand and implement it.

Technology in part has helped small businesses stay competitive and thrive despite inflationary, workforce, and supply chain challenges. Without the right policies in place to encourage a virtuous cycle of technology development and adoption, small businesses could lose their ability to adapt and confront the new challenges of the 21stcentury economy. C_TEC offers the following recommendations to policymakers to ensure America's small businesses realize their potential through digital tools and platforms. Enacting smart national data privacy legislation.

As noted in this report, most small businesses are concerned about having to comply with out-of-state technology regulations. With 7 in 10 small businesses stating that limiting access to data could be harmful to their operations, it is vital that Congress pass a national privacy law that protects all Americans equally and preserves the benefits of a modern digital economy. A recent report by the Information Technology & Information Foundation highlighted that a 50-state patchwork of privacy laws could cost the economy \$1 trillion and specifically \$200 billion for small businesses.² Small businesses are disproportionately affected by compliance costs associated with a confusing and potentially conflicting stateby-state regime of privacy obligations. Congress must pass a national privacy law that provides strong preemption of state privacy laws to provide a clear set of rules of the road for businesses to follow.

2. https://itif.org/publications/2022/01/24/50-state-patchwork-privacy-laws-could-cost-1-trillion-more-single-federal/.



A national privacy law should also provide adequate protections for small businesses that could have difficulty competing against larger, more sophisticated entities. Data protection laws should grant consumers robust rights, but restrictions or bans on the use of broad categories of data, as well as allowing for abusive class-action lawsuits against tech companies and end users, could deprive small businesses of the benefits of digital tools like advertising.

Getting AI regulations right.

With nearly one-quarter of small businesses already using AI and seeing value from it, Congress should ensure that the United States remains competitive and promotes innovation while mitigating risk. In March 2023, the U.S. Chamber of Commerce's Commission on AI Competitiveness, Inclusion, and Innovation³ released a report highlighting the need for a riskbased approach to AI regulation and not one-size-fits-all bans, pauses, or rules.

• Upskilling the digital workforce and education.

The government must promote a 21st-century workforce that includes small business owners and invests in Science, Technology, Engineering & Math ("STEM") and computer science education to prepare the next generation of digital tool developers.

- Preventing overexposure to liability. In 1996, Congress enacted Section 230 of the Communications Act, which generally prevents interactive computer services from being liable for the activities of third-party content. Since 1996, the internet and data-driven economy have thrived. Congress should reject calls to outright repeal this landmark law.
- Using fair competition policy. Some contend that America's longstanding antitrust laws should be used to specifically target America's technology sector. Congress should refrain from passing competition legislation that singles out companies for enforcement and deprive the companies due process.
- Promoting the gig economy.

As outlined in the report, small businesses using third-party delivery platforms have benefited in terms of growth, employment, and revenue. Governments should avoid unnecessarily imposing limitations on flexible work arrangements or preventing app-based delivery companies from communicating valuable, flexible earnings opportunities to the public.

3. https://www.uschamber.com/assets/documents/CTEC_AICommission2023_Report_v6.pdf.



- Connecting all Americans. Broadband access is foundational for small businesses to use most digital tools and to connect with consumers across the country. To complement private sector efforts, policymakers must make targeted investments in highspeed broadband in unserved areas and must appropriately address broadband affordability for low-income Americans. To maximize these investments, policymakers should streamline permitting requirements and should avoid costly regulatory mandates such as public utility-style rules for broadband and domestic content requirements.
- Modernizing and digitizing government. Eighty-two percent of small businesses believe that the government should invest in IT modernization to help streamline and improve important small business needs like permitting and professional licensure. By investing in upgraded IT, the government will provide better service to constituents and save money in the long run.

Methodology

Working closely with C_TEC, Teneo Research surveyed 1,025 U.S. small businesses, defined as those having fewer than 250 employees, including oversamples in Arizona, California, Florida, Texas, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Washington. Data were collected between June 15 and July 9, 2023. The survey was fielded online and is available for desktop and mobile devices.



Appendix A: State Scorecards



Key Numbers in Arizona



Technology helped

their business

handle supply chain

difficulties

Limiting their

business's access

to data would slow

its ability to grow

They would strugale

to survive without

access to their

technology platforms



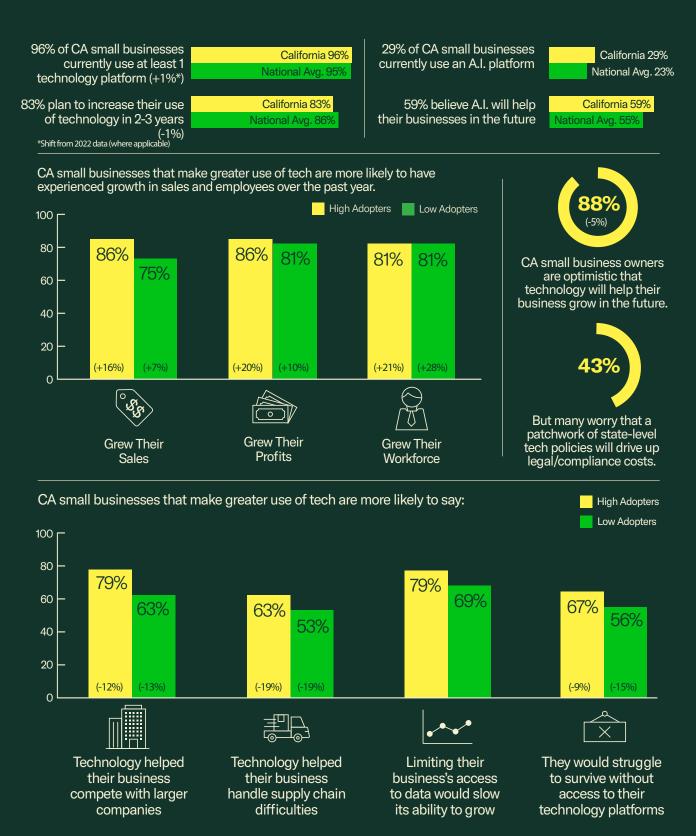
Technology helped

their business

compete with larger

companies

Key Numbers in California





Key Numbers in Florida



(-4%)

Technology helped

their business

compete with larger

companies

0

(+6%)

(-16%)

Technology helped

their business

handle supply chain

difficulties

(-3%)

They would struggle

to survive without

access to their

technology platforms

Limiting their

business's access

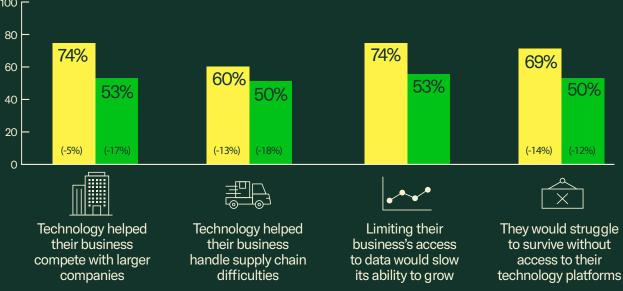
to data would slow

its ability to grow

(-10%)

Key Numbers in Ohio

95% of OH small businesses 17% of OH small businesses Ohio 95% Ohio 17% currently use at least 1 technology platform (+3%*) currently use an A.I. platform National Avg. 95 National Avg. 23% 85% plan to increase their use Ohio 85% 48% believe A.I. will help Ohio 48% of technology in 2-3 years (-1%) National Avg. 86% their businesses in the future lational Avg. 55% *Shift from 2022 data (where applicable) OH small businesses that make greater use of tech are more likely to have experienced growth in sales, profits, and employees over the past year. 71% High Adopters 📃 Low Adopters 100 (-14%) 80 83% 80% 77% OH small business owners 73% 73% are optimistic that 60 70% technology will help their business grow in the future. 40 20 (+10%) (+10%) (+6%) (+13%) 0 0 But many worry that a patchwork of state-level tech Grew Their Grew Their Grew Their policies will drive up Profits Workforce Sales legal/compliance costs. OH small businesses that make greater use of tech are more likely to say: High Adopters Low Adopters 100





Key Numbers in Pennsylvania

93% of PA small businesses 21% of PA small businesses Pennsylvania 93% Pennsylvania 21% currently use at least 1 currently use an A.I. platform National Avg. 95 National Avg. 23% technology platform (no change*) 77% plan to increase their use Pennsylvania 77% 48% believe A.I. will help Pennsylvania 48% of technology in 2-3 years (-7%) their businesses in the future National Avg. 86% National Avg. 55% *Shift from 2022 data (where applicable) PA small businesses that make greater use of tech are more likely to have experienced growth in sales, profits, and employees over the past year. High Adopters 📃 Low Adopters 100 (-11% 80 79% PA small business owners 79% 79% 76% 76% are optimistic that 72% 60 technology will help their business grow in the future. 40 20 (+5%) (+8%) (+7%) (+16%) (+7%) (+8%) 0 0 But more than one-in-three worry a patchwork of state-level Grew Their Grew Their Grew Their tech policies will drive up Profits Workforce Sales legal/compliance costs. PA small businesses who use tech say: High Adopters Low Adopters 100 80 79% 76% 68% 69% 60 61% 54% 53% 40 20 (-10%) (-8%) (+12%) (-9%) (+2%) (-10%) 0 Technology helped Technology helped Limiting their They would struggle their business their business business's access to survive without

handle supply chain

difficulties

to data would slow

its ability to grow



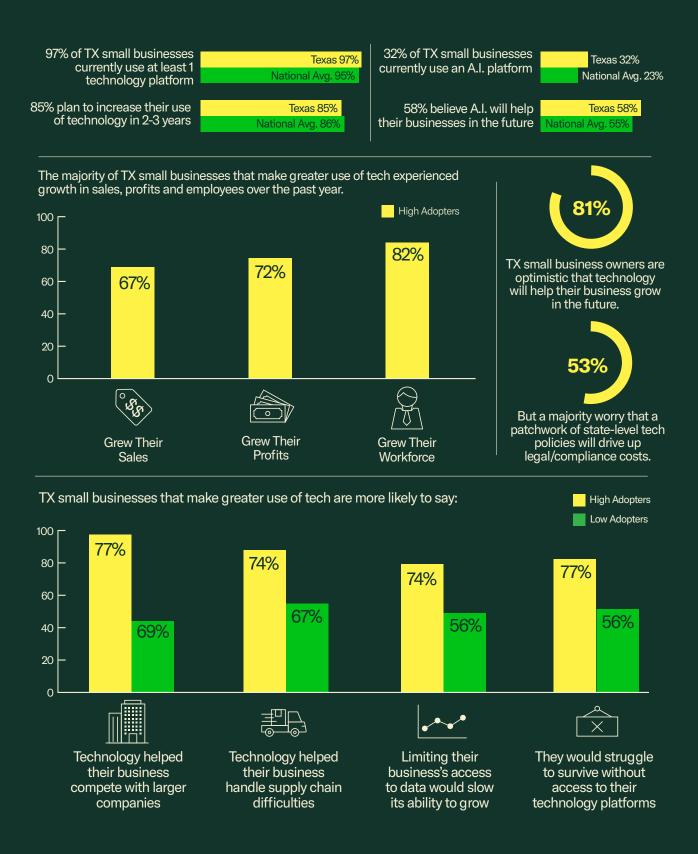
compete with larger

companies

access to their

technology platforms

Key Numbers in Texas





Key Numbers in Washington

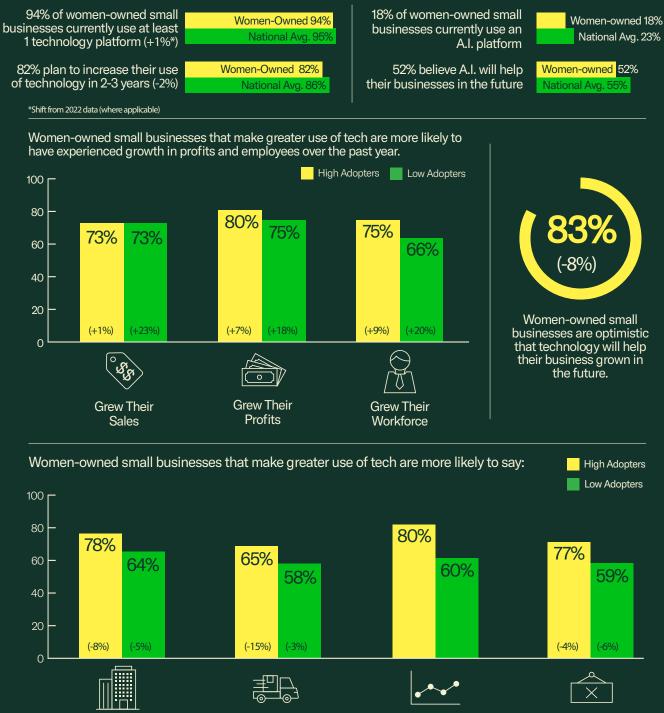






Appendix B: Key Statistics for Women-Owned and Minority Small Businesses

Key Numbers Among Women-Owned Small Businesses



Technology helped

their business

handle supply chain

difficulties

They would struggle to survive without access to their technology platforms

Limiting their

business's access

to data would slow

its ability to grow



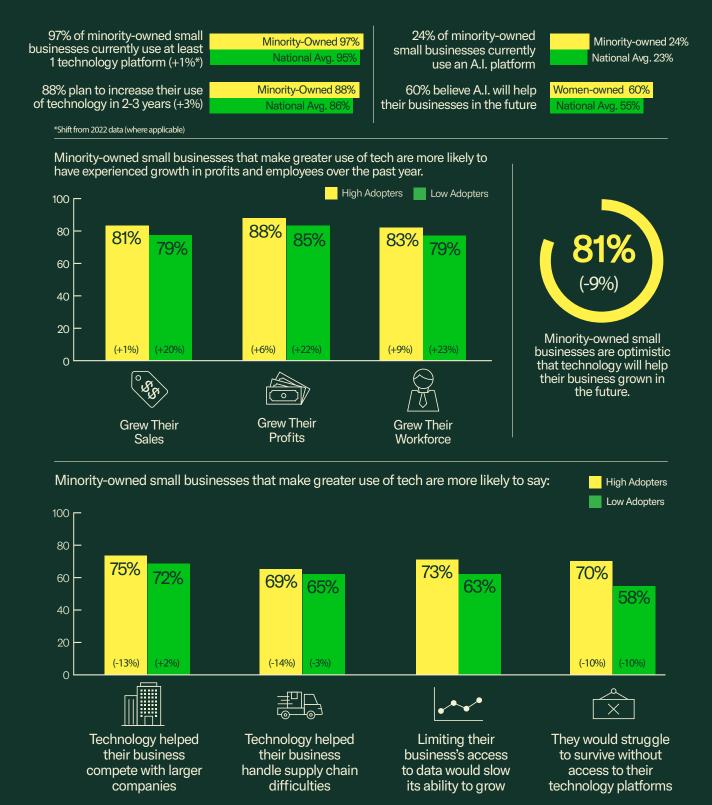
Technology helped

their business

compete with larger

companies

Key Numbers Among Minority-Owned Small Businesses







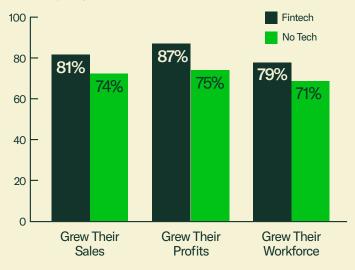
Appendix C: Impacts of Social Media, Fintech, Delivery Apps, and Al

Key Numbers Among Small Businesses Using FinTech

Small businesses that make use of FinTech platforms are The biggest benefits small businesses that use FinTech realize from technology: more likely to have experienced growth in sales, profits, and employees over the past year. Technology helps the business 100 Fintech communicate more effectively No Tech with their customers 80 79% 77% 74% 74% Technology helps the 71% 70% business find new customers 60 40 Technology access improves customer satisfaction when interacting with the business 20 +4%*) (+6%*) (+8%*) 0 Technology helps the business 88% **Grew Their** Grew Their Grew Their operate more efficiently Sales Profits Workforce *Shift from 2022 data (where applicable)

Key Numbers Among Small Businesses Using A.I.

Small businesses that make use of A.I. are more likely to have experienced growth in sales, profits and employees over the past year.



The biggest benefits small businesses that use A.I. realize from technology are:





Key Numbers Among Small Businesses Using Social Media

Small businesses that make use of social media are more The biggest benefits small businesses that likely to have experienced growth in sales, profits, and use social media realize from technology are: employees over the past year. Technology helps the business 100 Social Media 91% communicate more effectively No Tech with their customers 80 80% 77% 75% Technology helps the 69% business find new customers 60 67% 62% 40 Technology helps the business build stronger relationships 20 with customers (+5%*) (+7%*) (+9%*) 0 Technology helps the business **Grew Their Grew Their Grew Their** operate more efficiently Sales Profits Workforce *Shift from 2022 data (where applicable)

Key Numbers Among Small Businesses Using Delivery Apps

Small businesses that make use of third-party delivery apps are more likely to have experienced growth in sales and profits over the past year.



The biggest benefits small businesses using third-party delivery apps realize from technology are:



Technology helps the business communicate more effectively with their customers

Technology helps the business build stronger relationships with customers

Technology platforms have helped my business to grow in challenging conditions

Technology platforms have helped my business find new customers







U.S. Chamber of Commerce Technology Engagement Center